

# String topology from the viewpoint of algebraic topology

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# Mapping spaces

$A, M$ : topological space

## Definition

$$\text{Map}(A, M) := \{f: A \rightarrow M\} \quad \text{mapping space}$$

$\text{Map}(A, M)$  is

- the space of all continuous maps from  $A$  to  $M$
- also a **topological space** (with compact-open topology)
- an  **$\infty$ -dim** space

## Problem in algebraic topology

Study the **homotopy type** of  $\text{Map}(A, M)$

- homotopy type = “shape” of a space
- This is one of the fundamental problems in algebraic topology

# Free loop spaces

$M$ : topological space

## Definition

$LM := \text{Map}(S^1, M)$  the **free loop space** on  $M$

- $S^1 = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z| = 1\}$ : the unit circle
- $LM$  is the space of all loops on  $M$

## String topology

Study algebraic structures on  $H_*(LM)$   
(under some assumptions on  $M$ )

- $H_*(LM)$ : the homology of  $LM$  (explained in the next page)

# Homology

$X$ : topological space,  $n \in \mathbb{N}$

## Homology

$H_n(X)$ : the  $n$ -th **homology** of  $X$

- $H_n(X)$  is a vector space which detects “ $n$ -dim holes” on  $X$
- $\alpha \in H_n(X)$ :  $n$ -dim “cycle” on  $M$
- $\{H_n(X)\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  reflects the “shape” of  $X$

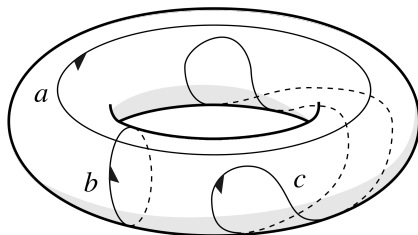


Figure:  $H_1$ (torus)

image from [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Homology\\_\(mathematics\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Homology_(mathematics))

# Loop product

$M$ : oriented connected closed  $m$ -dim manifold

$LM = \text{Map}(S^1, M)$ : the free loop space on  $M$

Loop product [Chas-Sullivan '99]

$$\mu: H_p(LM) \otimes H_q(LM) \rightarrow H_{p+q-m}(LM)$$

- $\alpha \in H_n(LM)$ :  $n$ -dim cycle on  $LM$   
i.e.  $n$ -dim ( $n$ -parameter) family of loops on  $M$
- Mixture of
  - ▶  $H_p(M) \otimes H_q(M) \rightarrow H_{p+q-m}(M)$ : intersection product
  - ▶  $H_p(\Omega M) \otimes H_q(\Omega M) \rightarrow H_{p+q}(\Omega M)$ : Pontrjagin product
    - induced by  $\Omega M \times \Omega M \rightarrow \Omega M$  (loop concatenation)
    - $\Omega M := \text{Map}_*(S^1, M)$ : based loop space

# Construction of the loop product [Chas-Sullivan '99]

$M = \mathbb{R}^3$  (or 3-dim manifold)

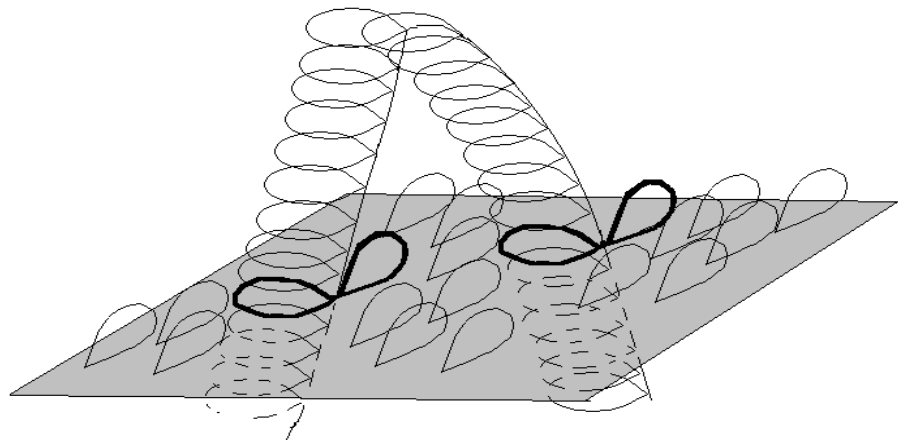


Figure:  $H_1(LM) \otimes H_2(LM) \rightarrow H_{1+2-3}(LM)$

image from [Chas-Sullivan '99]

# Lift of the intersection product

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} LM \times LM & \xleftarrow{\text{incl}} & LM \times_M LM & \xrightarrow{\text{concat}} & LM \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \\ M \times M & \xleftarrow{\Delta} & M & & \end{array}$$

## Definition (Loop product)

$$\mu: H_*(LM \times LM) \xrightarrow{\text{incl}^!} H_{*-m}(LM \times_M LM) \xrightarrow{\text{concat}_*} H_{*-m}(LM)$$

$\Delta^!: H_*(M \times M) \rightarrow H_{*-m}(M)$ : the intersection product

$\longrightarrow \text{incl}^!: H_*(LM \times LM) \rightarrow H_{*-m}(LM \times_M LM)$ : lift of  $\Delta^!$

There are several ways to define  $\text{incl}^!$ :

- Thom isomorphism,
- Eilenberg-Moore isomorphism ( $H^*(LM \times_M LM) \cong \text{Tor}(\dots)$ ),
- etc. . .

Theorem [Cohen-Godin '04]

$H_*(LM)$  has the structure of 2-dim TQFT

TQFT = Topological Quantum Field Theory

- $\mu: H_*(LM) \otimes H_*(LM) \rightarrow H_*(LM)$ : loop product
- $\delta: H_*(LM) \rightarrow H_*(LM) \otimes H_*(LM)$ : loop coproduct
- $(\text{id} \otimes \mu) \circ (\delta \otimes \text{id}) = \delta \circ \mu = (\mu \otimes \text{id}) \circ (\text{id} \otimes \delta)$ : Frobenius identity

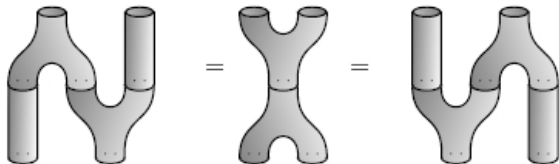


image from <https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Frobenius+algebra>



# Generalization

## String topology on Gorenstein spaces [Félix-Thomas '09]

Generalized loop (co)product to the case

$M$ : Gorenstein space

- generalization of a manifold (from the viewpoint of Poincaré duality)
- e.g.  $M = BG$ : the classifying space of a Lie group  $G$

## Brane topology

Generalize  $LM$  to  $L^k M := \text{Map}(S^k, M)$

- $H_*(L^k M)^{\otimes 2} \rightarrow H_*(L^k M)$ : brane product [Sullivan-Voronov '03]
- $H_*(L^k M) \rightarrow H_*(L^k M)^{\otimes 2}$ : brane coproduct [W. '18]
  - ▶ The key to define the brane **co**product:  
 $M \hookrightarrow L^{k-1} M$ : embedding of “finite codimension” ( $\dim \Omega^{k-1} M$ )

Thank you for your attention!